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"WORLD" GROWTH

STRIKINGLY SHOWN.

The Average Number of "WORLDS" Printed Daily and also the Average Number of Advertisements Published Daily during the First Six Months of the Years 1584 and 1888 were as follows:

1888.

Average Number Advertisements Daily

1,816

Average Dally Circulation, 56,749.

THE OLD STORY.

A distressing accident occurred on the Hudson River yesterday afternoon. Three young Frenchmen and a young French woman, sixteen years old, took a boat and went out for a sail. The probability is that not one of them knew anything about its management. One was a butcher, the other a baker and the other may have been a candlestick-maker. At all events it is certain they were not accustomed to the water. As the boat crossed a ferry slip on the Jersey side, the Jay Gould came out. There does not seem to have been any carelessness on the part of her pilot, but her wash caused the small boat to rock violently. The usual result followed. The frightened girl rose in the boat, one of her companions jumped up to seize her, the boat capsized, and the young woman and one of the men were drowned.

Such accidents are by no means uncommon. They show the folly of venturing out on our crowded rivers in a boat without the presence of some one experienced in its management. All such accidents are the result of timidity and inexperience. If the girl had kept her seat, or if the man had possessed sense enough to tell her to sit down instead of imitating her example in jumping up, the occasion of her fright would have been over in a minute, and two lives would have been

When will people be sensible enough to learn prudence from experience?

BAZAINE'S DEATH.

Marshal Bazaine's death will revive the controversy in France over the old soldier's action in the Franco-German war, although the fading away of the Napoleonic party has left the deceased with fewer partisans than he could boast at the time of his trial and disgrace.

There is no doubt that BAZAINE was faithful to the Empire. His fault was that he was not faithful to France. With the fall of LOUIS NAPOLEON, BAZAINE'S lovalty fied. He was no longer desirous that his country should overcome her enemy. He preferred that Germany should triumph rather than that France without Napoleon should be successful.

No doubt with the large army BAZAINE had at his command in Metz a determined and patriotic soldier could have cut his way through the investing force, and would have done so even at the sacrifice of half his numbers. As he made no serious attempt to escape from Metz, the sentence of death was beyond doubt righteously passed upon him, although few disapproved the leniency which changed the extreme penalty for treason to life imprisonment. Perhaps it was best that he escaped and died free, although in exile. Had he ended his days in prison he might have excited a sympathy he will not now receive.

Although he had done good service for his country before the war, few people in France will regret the old Marshal's death, or change the opinion that while true to the Emperor he was false to his country.

BINGULAR CRIMES.

England is just now greatly excited over a series of brutal and apparently causeless murders of a most remarkable character which have been perpetrated at different points without leaving the slightest clue to the discovery of the assassin.

In all cases the victims are women, and in most, women of depraved character. In all cases, too, the bodies have been terribly mutilated, as if the fiendish assassin was not satisfied with taking human life without savagely disfiguring the human form after death. Some of these singular crimes have been committed in London, but the latest was at Gateshead.

The most probable theory is that the murderer is an escaped or undiscovered lunatic, and that he has been crazed by the infidelity of a woman. There appears to be a desire of revenge against the female sex underlying the butcheries, and the acts are not those of a sane person. Insane people are often remarkably cunning, and yet the mutilation of a body after death must consume time and of course be attended by additional risk of discovery. There is little doubt in the minds of the po-

THE WORLD. lice that all the murders are committed by the same hand, the method of killing and of mutilation being in all cases similar.

It is to be hoped the assassin may be discovered before long. As it is, there is a panio among women in London and its suburbs and no female wishes to go in the streets unattended.

How the mothers of New York will rejoice that their little ones are free from the dangers that beset Kansas babies, when they read of the carrying off of an infant by ravenous eagle at Wichita. The child was lying on a blanket at the door of the house. and the first intimation the parents got of their loss was from their six-year-old daugh ter, who told them that "Dor had flied away." The eagle was found feasting on the infant's remains and killed, but not before he had attacked and badly lacerated two of the pur-

WORLDLINGS.

A campaign pole erected by the Democrats of Smithton, Pa., reaches up 130 feet towards the sky. It is the tallest pole in Western Pennsylvania. Gen. Russell A. Alger, of Michigan, is worth \$10,000,000. His money is invested in pine and mineral lands, a railroad and a bank. All of his fortune has been made within fifteen years.

The champion fat boy of Virginia is Melbourne Grubb, of Wytheville, who is ten years old and weighs 210 pounds. He is 5 feet 2 inches tall and measures 47 inches around the waist, 44 around the theat and 24 around the thigh.

Frank Dempster Sherman, the poet, has a great andness for the higher mathematics, particularly for calculus. He is at present preparing for the press a text book on calculus, while at the same time revising his poems for publication.

Probably the richest college professor America, if not in the world, is Prof. E. E. Salisbury, of Yale. He is a millionaire, and his fortone was made from investments in Boston real estate. I'rof, Salisbury is about seventy years old, is a man of courtly demeanor, and has travelled over nearly the whole world.

Dr. Margaret L. Crumpton, of Allegheny, Pa. was the only woman delegate to the Hahnemann Convention in Philadelphia. She is described as decidedly pretty woman of about twenty-two years of age. She enjoys a large and lucrative practice in Allegheny City, and is considered to have a remarkable talent for medicine.

Up at Jones's Woods.



Alert Officer-Here, you young rascal! What are you annoying that gentleman for?

Young Rascal—I ain't, boss—honeat! He promished me a quarter an hour ter keep der files off his legs.

Should be Treated Respectfully.

[From the Chicago News.] speaking two hours and a half, "coming now to the subject of the tariff "---

"Look here, mister," called one of the auditors "Look here, mister," called one of the auditors from the rear of the hall, 'can't you choke off your speech and let us folks get away? It's past milkin' time aiready."

"What have I to do with cows?" indignantly demanded the orator. 'As I was saying on the sunject of the lariff."

"Rut," persisted the impatient author, 'bein' a stranger in this town mebbe you don't know that all the saloons close at sundown."

"Ha," exclaimed the orator. 'Speaking of the lariff. I was about to say that it should always be

Too Good for This World. [From the Chicago Tribune.] Applicant—I would like a position, sir, in you

Merchant-Have you any references,

man 7 Applicant-No, sir, but I think I would suit you. Applicant—No, sir, but I think I would suit you. I have been carefully raised, and my habits are unexceptionable. I have no vices. I don't know one card from another. I don't know what tes, coffee, tobacco, or liquor tastes like. Never gout at fight. Never saw the inside of a billiard-salous or tengin alley.

Merchant (dunlously)—I'll take you, young man, but I am afraid I shall not be able to keep you long. You will have a situation as a shining angel before many years—you're too good for such a world as this.

The Tule of Hotel Registers.

E. E. McCroskey, of Knoxville, Tenn.; G. War-ner, of New Haven, and L Conrad, of Hanover, are at the Bartholdi.

B. H. Randolph and C. B. Ewing, of Washington, and E. M. Alfriend, of Richmond, Va., are at the Grand Hotel. At the St. James are H. L. Ayer, of Boston; W. I. Gray, of Detroit; C. S. Bragg, of Cincinnati and C. A. Nicola, of Pittsburg, Pa.

At the Gilsey House are registered J. S. Tehbets, of Omaha; G. C. George, of Boston; C. H. Brown, of Richmond, and J. M. Schoeffel, of Boston, Inscribed on the Bronswick Hotel's register are the names of G. B. Esper, of Boston; J. H. Wade, of Cleveland, O.; D. L. King, of Akron, O., and C. Cluze, of Paris.

Constitutions at the Hoffman House are A. Secul-lot, of Paris; L. S. Dow, of Beston; L. N. Stern, of Rochester; F. Hermann, of Paris, and D. G. Park, of Pittsburg.

At the Fifth Avenue Hotel are J. H. Kendall, of Watertown, Mass., C. H. McLaugnin, of Toronto; E. A. Engier, of St. Louis; John Bell, of London, and C. H. Holt, of Boston.

Among the Sturievant House guests are A. H. Wollman, of Boston; F. W. Wooley, of Lexington, Ky.; E. L. Zalinski, inventor of the latest dynamic gun; Lieut, H. Jervey, U. S. A., and G. D. Babbitt, of Rutland, vt.

Among the latest arrivals at the Albemarle are M. Trevor, Austrian Minister at Washington; G. W. Parent, of Montreal; Alfred Solnerry, of Chi-cago; Dr. W. L. Breyfogle, of Louisville, Ky., and P. O. Tazende, of New Orleans.

At the Garrisonville Poultry Show.



Chairman of Award Committee-Whadler git dat chick d' fust prize fer? He's all done run ter

Member of Committee-Da's jes' it, cunnel, da's jes' it. Fink how useful he'll be fer ter git away train while srouting a track near Gnumden, Atla frum d' coon thiefs long 'bout Thanksgiblis'!

His Pernicious Contract System Keeps Thousands in Chains.

He Saps the Life-Blood of Hopeless, Helpless Slaves.

Cheerless Garrets and Damp Basements Hold the Victims of This Wrong.

The pernicious "sweating" system and the ''sweater" are things more familiar to | Boston | Massachusetts (other cities)...... the poor, toiling victims of this great city than they are to the general public. THE EVENING WORLD has on several occasions paid its respects to the sweater in a manner that does not please him, but it sheds a ray of hope upon the underpaid, exhausted men, women, and even children, who eke out a miserable existence while they labor day and night in the workshop and in the pent-up tenements in order that the sweater may reap the profits of their toil and enrich him self while their life-blood is sapped out.

The sweater is not by any means of Ameri can origin. He is an importation, but has ingratiated himself into the hearts of many merchants and jobbers of this city.

He rivals in his methods the hardest taskmaster of slavery days. He is a middleman, or contractor, who takes contracts from man ufacturers and jobbers and from small dealers on the busy avenues to furnish all or any kind of wearing apparel for both sexes and for adults and children. The sweater is of foreign birth, with few exceptions, and his origin can be traced to Russia, Poland, Austria. Germany, Hungary and Bohemia, the Germans being comparatively few. It has been difficult to ascertain when the sweater first came to this city to engage in his nefarius calling.

His victims assert that he robs them, not

only by paying low prices, but by a cunning system of fines worked out of his victims by finding fault with the work done.

It is scarcely necessary to tell the reader that the sweater gets his name because he sweats his victims, or causes them to toil extremely hard in ill-ventilated workshops, in the basements and in the store-rooms of the tremely hard in ill-ventilated workshops, in the basements and in the store-rooms of the tenement-houses, on the east side mainly. The hothed of the sweater extends from East Broadway to Fourteenth street, and takes in such cross streets as Chrystic, Essex, Orchard, Caonon, Ridge, in fact, all the streets that intersect Grand street from the Bowery to the East River. There are no reliable data to show how many of these sweaters there are in this city, but

of these sweaters there are in this city, but they will number several thousand, and like other employers they are combined to "protect" themselves and resist any attempt on the part of their poor dupes to better their condition by demanding higher prices for their work.

There is no limit to the hours of work, the victims in thousands of instances toiling steadily in busy seasons ten hours during daylight and far into the night, by the dim

davight and far into the hight, by the dimlight of oil lamps, for an amount of money
that will scarcely pay rent and buy bread and
potatoes for a small family.

Just what they use the word "protect"
for in their association, the sweaters do not
make it appear clearly, for they require no
protection. The victims of these petty contractors, with whom some manufacturers
would rather deal than with the poor workers, because it saves them time and trouble,
number many thousands. Some place the number many thousands. Some place the number at 30,000, and others declare that

number many thousands. Some pace the number at 30,000 and others declare that 50,000 men, women and children are subject to the sweater's lash.

Like the sweater's themselves, the victims are principally of the nationalities above named, but with a good proportion of native-born persons among them. Russians, Bohemians, Hungarians and Poles predominate. They live in the tall tenements on the east side, packed like sardines in a box. in many instances in houses unfit to breathe in, foul with sickening stenches from garbage receptacles recking with filth.

Whole families may be found in the employ of the sweater, and the whole amount received by four or five persons for a week's weary and incessant toil, day and night—fourteen and sixteen hours out of the twenty-four—will not exceed \$12 or \$14. Out of this a rent of \$8 or \$10 a month for two or

tariff, I was about to say that it should always be speken of respectfully. We will now adjourn."

this a rent of \$\circ\$ sor \$10 a month for two or three rooms and the cost for the simplest necessaries of life must be paid.

If sickness befalls any of these poor white If sickness befalls any of these poor white slaves, as is often the case, the suffering is great; for the family goes hungry in order that the sick ones may have nourishment and medical attendance. The public dispensaries are generally resorted to by them for necessary medicines, because they are not able to pay the prices demanded at the drug stores.

The Evening World lately indicated how the sweeter fleeces the poor shee, workers by ne sweater fleeces the poor shoe-workers by the same scheme as this worked in the cloth-ing line, and The World recently described the workshop of a typical sweater, whose place is in Essex street.

place is in Essex street.

Leaders of organized labor have made efforts from time to time to get these poor workers together and organize them so that they could command more wages and better reatment, and a premature strike, two years go, of three or four thousands of men

women was the outcome.

They wanted to break up the system entirely and force their employment direct from the manufacturers and jobbers; but they were not thoroughly organized and had not the necessary funds in their treasury to accomplish the desired result, though many f the labor organizations aided them morally

nd financially.

They lost that fight owing to the failure of the great majority to join them, and they were forced to again accept the terms of heir masters, the sweaters. If ever there existed in a free and prosper

ous nation such a system of slavery as grinds its bondmen and bondwomen down to abso-lute poverty and degradation, that inaugurated by the sweater is one.

The Evening World is in possession of more specific facts and figures regarding the sweating system, and the prices the sweater pays for the work his victims do, and will

soon pay more of its respects to the tyrants Clerk Helmburger Back in Court, Clerk Victor Helmburger, Police Justice Gorman's personal clerk, has returned from European

shores ruddy-cheeked and healthy. It is said that he can have the nomination for Coroner on the ne can have the nomination i Republican ticket if he wants it.

The Daly Company start for home on the Servia. Ex-Marshal Bazaine dies in exile at Madrid of tien. Salomon, Hayti's deposed President, is dying at Paris. An eagle carries off the six-year-old child of a

liebels storm the town of Snakim and make things lively for the British garrison. The King of Greece, accompanied by the Duke of Sparta, visits the Kalser at Potsdam. The German Government wants to build more men-of-war, and is going to ask the Reichstag for

A bold attempt at train robbery on the Southern Pacific road, in Texas, is frustrated by United States marchals. Carl Schurz is still at Kiel, and will not say when he is coming home, or express any opinion about american politics.

The North Atlantic Squadron will make its win-ter cruise among the West Indica this year, instead of in Southern Europe.

of in Southern Europe.

Calvin Huntington, of Fort Scott, Kan., engows

Vassar with a scholarship of \$8,000, to provide for
the education of all his descendants.

The Princess of Wales and her daughters have a

THREE MILLIONS FOR UNIFORMS.

Estimate of the Money to Be Laid Out

There never was a time when clubs had such a wide variety of campaign articles to select from, says the Philadelphia Press. The demand already, from all parts of the country, is enormous. This is particularly the case in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana.

An effort was made to obtain an idea of the amount of money that would be spent on outfits in this country during the campaign. Several of the best posted men in the trade were asked to give estimates, and the result is a sum of nearly \$3,000,000. Here is the way they figure the amounts each city and State will spend. New York City.

New York State (other cities) Pennsylvania (other cities) New Hampshire..... Vermoni Rhode Island. The South Other States. 2,850,000 Total

The helmet flash torch is an attachment fitted to the top of a helmet, with a rubber tube passing down to the mouth when desired. By blowing into this tube a very large flash is recolved.

sired. By blowing into this tube a very large flash is produced.

Among the other suits in special favor is that known as the "Uncle Sam," which is made of red, white or blue enamelled cloth, with wide collars of blue, on which are gold stars. They cost \$3.50 each. The zouave suits are selling very largely, and cost from \$2.50 to \$3 each. The trousers are made either of red, white or blue, with wide gold stripes at the side. The waist is white, with a variety of bright trimmings.

THE HARLEM Y. M. C. A.

Its New Building to Be Formally Opened-An Institute Entertuinment.

Beginning this evening and continuing tomorrow, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, the formal opening exercises of the new building of the Harlem branch of the Y. M. C. A. will be held. The building is of five stories, occupies a space of 50 by 100 feet, has a fine gymnasium in the basement, class-rooms, reading-room, library, auditorium, &c., on the various floors, and has cost

Ac., on the various floors, and has cost \$125,000

The Committee of Arrangements for the opening ceremonies includes Lucten C. Warner, M. D., Chairman: Richard L. Purdy, Vice-Chairman; William H. Sage, Recording Secretary: John H. Allen, Treasurer; L. C. Shuey, Secre ary; William H. Benjamin, David J. Dean, Charles C. Hope, Albert T. Hull, Alex P. Ketchum, William G. Knox, Jossah Lombard, Ernest D. North, E. G. Selchow, William H. Shaw, William S. M. Silber, John A. Tackaberry, George Taylor and John J. Wilson.

The advisory members are Walter Carter, E. L. Chamolin, Frank A. Ferris, William Hills, Isaac Mills and Charles H. Wessells.

Besides the musical and literary numbers

Besides the musical and literary numbers which will figure in the programme for the opening, there will be addresses by President Elbert B. Monroe, of the Young Men's Christian Association: Dr. Lucien Warner, Chairman of the Harlem Branch; Mr. William E. Dodge and the Rev. Robert R. Meredith.

dith.
At the Young Men's Institute, 222 and 224 At the Young Men's Institute, 222 and 258 Bowery, the opening entertainment for the fall season will occur to-morrow evening, for young men only. There will be a gymuastic entertainment by the institute subscribers and a practical talk by Rev. A. F. Schauffler, M. D., on the subject: "Man a Three-Story House."

UNITED LABOR REPUDIATED.

The Central Union Condemns It for Indors-The action of the United Labor party in indorsing Warner Miller, under cover of sup-

porting a candidate favoring ballot reform, brought out a pronunciamento yesterday from the Central Labor Union. The Central body declares that the union,

Out of | representing organized labor, repudiates all the so-called Labor parties. Delegates conlemned in strong language the course of the United Labor party and its leaders in departing from the course laid down.

A resolution was adopted condemning the

action of the American Consul at Belgium in reporting Oscar Falleur, President of the Belgian Glass-Workers' Union, and thus preventing him from landing in this country to wenting him from landing in this country to make it his permanent home.

The union thought Congress could not use a million dollars to better advantage, and thus reduce the surplus, than by appropriat-ing it to the benefit of the yellow-lever suf-

The Iron-Moulders' Protective Union

new organization composed of skilled work-men, was admitted to the union.

The action of the Troy Convention was ratified and the Central Executive Commit-tee was promised all the means necessary to carry out its ends. The committee after-wards met and appropriate activities aftercarry out its ends. The committee after wards met and empowered each of its mem bers to call meetings in their respective As-sembly districts of all union men holding cards from their organizations for the pur-pose of electing Assemblymen who will edge themselves to vote for the amendment of the Conspiracy laws.

Notes About Labor. The Clothing Trade Section meets to-night.

The Socialistic Labor Party will nominate straight State and city ticket. The Snoemakers' Protective Union gives its an-Members of the Horace Greeley Club are to ad-ress the Brooklyn Central Labor Union next Sun-

with the Republicans in nominating James J. Congan for Mayor, and such an arrangement is likely to be made. Brooklyn is to have a printers' club, which will have rooms within ten minutes' walk of the C.ty Hall, wherein debates and lectures and social gatherings will be held.

It is said the Labor leaders are willing to unite

The Brooklyn Central Labor Union has again defrated the proposition to have a permanent President to attend to its deliberations and see that its committees do the business intrasted to them. All the labor organizations at Pittsburg and Alle-

All the labor organizations at Pittsburg and Alleghany City will turn out to-morrow in the former city to celebrate the centennial anniversary of Alleghany County. There will be three days of Restrictives, beginning to-day.

"Restrict emigration," said a labor leader yesterday at Charendon Hall, "and then talk about the tariff question. Of what benefit will the whole thing be to the working people if we continue to have unrestricted emigration. Let the old party politicians discuss that point, and the party that does semething to check emigration will get the labor vote sure."

[From the Chicago Herald,]

"The other afternoon," said a gowntown merchant. "it was quite dull at the store, and I set out to make several business calls that I had neglected for some days. Went first to my lawyer's. Found on his door a card saying that he had gone Found on his door a card saying that he bad gone to court for an hour. Then I went to see my family physician. His slate bore a notice to the effect that he would 'be back at 5, as he had gone to attend a serious case. My coal man left word with his office boy that he had gone home to look after a sick called, and I couldn't find any one in, if hated to go back to the store, so I decided to take in the afternoon baseball game. In the grand stand at the grounds I saw my lawyer yelling at Ewing, my doctor keeping score on a prescription blans, and my coal man sitting over in the smokers' section. Over on what they call the 'bleaching boards' I saw three of my own clerks who had gone home at poon with sick headsches. But, say, it was a great game, Did you see that none two Archest.

NO SOCIAL QUERY FOR YEARS HAS AROUSED SO MUCH INTEREST.

The Discussion on This Side of the Water in the Columns of "The Evening World" Has Been Taken Up All Over the Country-A Few of the Many Letters Received Citying Various Views on the Subject.

The discussion of the question, " Is Marriage a Failure?" which was initiated in this country by THE EVENING WORLD several weeks since, has attracted the attention of the people and the press all over the United States. Scores of papers in various cities of the East and West and South are now devoting a column to the interesting subject, following the example of THE EVENING WORLD. Our columns, however, still remain the original forum. But so many letters are received that it is impossible to print them all unless they are made very brief and to the point. No letter hereafter should exceed 200

A Coryphee's Testimony.

To the Edstor of The Evening World: I am greatly surprised at the number that contend that marriage is a failure. It is hard for me to understand such a general feeling. unless I conclude that only the unhappily mated rush into into print. It would be hard to name any associations in this life in which to name any associations in this life in which there are not troubled days and worried natures, but that does not prove that the whole idea of association is wrong, and every one ought to live in a blind little world ro-himself and by himself. That would be like planting seed in a cellar and expecting roses to bloom.

roses to bloom.

It occurs to me that the main trouble in all this matrimonial unrest is selfishness—deep, hardened and may be hopeless in one or the other or both of the complainers. I was con-vinced of this before I entered the theatrical profession and have been confirmed in the opinion since. There is an ugly weed of sellshness in everybody implanted at birth, and it is bound to grow into appetite and greed unless the individual is sharpened and trengthened in his or her moral nature by maning. After this plant has been permited to grow into a fulness and vigor that con trols every sense the world roundabout is judged and valued accordingly as it gives animal pleasure and ease. In some this de-basing quality is so great as to unfit them not only for matrimony but even the relationship

only for matrinony but even the relationship of business and society.

If they get married, of course there is is trouble. He is scarching for faults like a mouse for cheese, and is mad and fussy if he finds them, and the same if he doesn't. He forgets that the sun has specks, and even possibly himself. If the wife is indisposed, or some household trouble has arisen to frether he sees in it a constitutional failing, and her, he sees in it a constitutional failing, and must say so, and possibly show his sympathy by leaving the house in a temper, or dis-abling a chair. How far a smile would have gone with the poor soul, and how much better for both

In another case she has a comfortable little In another case she has a comfortable little next and not much to do—alas! how much better off many of these would be if they had! The husband is detained by one thing or another. She begins to think it strange, then wrong, finally cruelly unjust. Her imagination fans the fire of suspican and unjust. He comes how tired, perhans himself rest. He comes home tired, perhaps himself sanoyed by the delay. Say he has done wrong, how much further her confidence and smiles would go to prevent it again than a fusibale of petty remarks. Be a little patient, trustful, and don't give every evil spirit at your elbow the benefit of the doubt as gainst the one you have sworn to love. Even if a man is weak, this treatment will go further to strengthen and reclaim him than to strengthen and recamin him toan constant nurmuring or open warfare. Learn to bear and forbear, win him by kindness and faith: then you need not fear for to-day or the future. Bertha Chase. A coryphée in the ''Mathias Sandorf'' ballet.

A Travelling Man's Views.

To the Editor of The Evening World: I have been interested in the letters published in THE EVENING WORLD as to whether or not marriage is a failure, although I do not know much upon the subject myself. But I would say from my own personal knowledge that there are a great many young men who care nothing for clubs or 'even-ings with the boys," who would not object to make the trial, but who have not the chance of meeting the class of girls they deaire from the fortunes of their calling in life. Take, for instance, a young man who has been absent from home for several years and who has worked himself up to a very comwho has worked himself up to a very com-fortable position by his profession—travel-ling. Now it is very difficult for him to get acquainted in respectable homes, being, as he is, among strangers a great part of the time. His standing at home will avail him nothing, for strangers are looked upon with suspicion. This is another phase of the subject of why men don't marry, so I thought I would men-tion it as we go along.

Denver.

Heartsease for " Heartbroken."

"Heartbroken" ought to take to mind the old adage "there are lots more fish in the sea as good as any that have been caught." Every one finds "the best one" and 'Heartbroken" has found "the best." As she does not reciprocate he ought to throw his line in other waters and perhaps he will find one that will appear to him better than "the best." It is best to have the boat of love well balanced with an equal amount on each side, then there will be smooth sailing. If it is "one sided," then the boat is liable to most and plungs them both in the death. to upset and plunge them both in the depth of misery and discontent. Find one that will balance the craft, "Heartbroken," with good weather to you in "sailing in the stream of life."

M. DE RUTA.

Why One Marriage Is a Failure.

the Editor of The Forning World Many write of marriage being a failure, yet no one states why it is. Ours comes near being a failure because we need a little more money. I think the marriage of almost every telegraph operator a failure just for that rea son. After eight years of experience and observation of others I arrive at the conclu-sion that there are no more charming, cul-tured and kind-hearted men working for salary than the knights of the key, only that they never have enough money. If dear, good Mr. Gould would but step in at '195" they never have enough money. If dear, g od Mr. Gould would but step in at "195" and order an increase in the salary of at least one descrying Benedict, then indeed would I be a happy telegrapher's wife.

A Woman Like a Vielle to the Editor of The Evening World.

Allow me to say a word on the subject of natrimony, so much discussed in your interesting paper. I think the majority of men marry because they see something in their intended wives which they admire from an exterior point of view. The eye is pleased, reason be-comes dethroned for the time being, and the esult is the man finds out he has married a statue, devoid of mind, heart or any of the womanly characteristics of sympathy pecu-liar to true womanhood. A woman is like a new violin. You do not know what qualities they are going to develop until you test them.
ONE WHO KNOWS.

There Are Lots of Prizes. In the Editor of The Evening World:

Is the "Is Marriage a Failure" confest anything like the great joke contest? Will the one who proves marriage a failure get a

prize? Lakewise he or she that proves it not

a failure? Between you and me, it is painful to see where of supplements when which will be the ligent people gravely discussing whether the

IS MARRIAGE A FAILURE? strongest pillar of our social system is a failure. Marriages, individually, may become failures, but as an institution, marriage always has been and must remain a success.

NO SOCIAL QUERY FOR YEARS HAS

A Scotch Way of Doing It.

the Editor of the Evening World;
My wife does as she pleases, and gets all the money I can scrape together. She puts it out as it suits her. When I marriel I do not know whether she said she would obey me or not, but since then, twenty-five years ago, I have never asked her to do anything. I was not worth the price of a cigarette then, and now I am worth \$10,000. I go to the oureau drawer and take out as much money

After Reading " The Evening World."



Belle (who is engaged to Mr. Porkprince)-Dolly, s marriage a failure?
Doily—No, not while juries continue to give sub-tantial verdicts in brea: h-of-promise suits.

CITIZEN TRAIN TO THE RESCUE.

He Rewrites the History of the Invention of the Steamboat. oven Editor of The Evening World:

Alexander Walker Claims Priority over Fulton (1807) for sailing First Steamboat, 1788! (On Dalswinton Loch, Scotland), for Wm. Symington! Neither have Priority! An Astounding Fraud has been Committed by both "Fulton-Ites" and "Symington-Ites"! About hours, now? Well, it varies. We don't work as hard down here as the men Dozen European Attempts have failed to propel Boats by Steam. (I have Dates and Facts.) When James Rumsey, Berkley Springs. "There are fifty coaches that stand here." Alexander Walker Claims Priority over Dozen European Attempts have failed to propel Boats by Steam. (I have Dates and Facts.) When James Rumsey, Berkley Springs, West Va. (vide Botelers's Speech to 'Hill's American Shipping League)," 1784, made trial trip with George Washington and Genl. Gates (and Ladies) on board on Potomac, at St. John's Run. Four miles an Hour! (Four years ahead of Symington, and Twenty-Three Years before Fulton's Clermont up the Hudson!) Rumsey was sent to England by Ben Franklin Ciub, and just as he had completed his New Boat on Thames he fell Dead of Apoplexy, 1791, when describing his Wonderful Invention. In London Lecture Hall Symington and Fulton "caught on" Rumsey's Idea and Swindled Original Inventor out Record of Steamboat Fame! See George Washington's certificate, 1784! George Washington's certificate, 1784! As I have Facts and make no mistakes in my assertions I challenge confutnitions Statement!

Assertions I challenge contribution of my Statement!

Having Seen Dozen Original Cunarders (1840 to '60) Stored in One Etruria (or City of New York) and Two Weeks' Trip reduced to One in my "Clipper Ship Boyhood," I think it is about time to smash that Statue to Fulton in Old House of Representatives as "First Steamboat Argonaut."

I refer you to Col. Phil Pendleton, Col. Boteles and American Shipping League for Geo. Washington's original certificate of First Trial in 1784, and Gen. Gates's again in 1788, at Berkley. W. Va. (Let America Claim Honors England assumes, in proposed Monument to Symington.)

Monument to Symington.)
GEO. FRANCIS TRAIN.

ANOTHER AMONG JERSEYMEN. The Career, Military and Otherwise, of State Treasurer Toffey. Col. John J. Toffey, the man in whose cus-

tody rest the hard-earned pennies of New

Jersey, is a handsome military man, who has lately turned his interests from the politics of lately turned his interests from the politics of his county to those of his State.

The Colonel was born at Pawling, N. Y., in 1844. When eighteen years old he answered Lincoln's call for men and raised a company. He was wounded at Missionary Ridge, but lived to go home and become Lieutenant-Colonel of the Fourth Regiment. Col. Toffey has been a Republican Alderman, a Kepublican Sheriff, is now the Republican State Treasurer and Treasurer of the Republican State Committee, and may be the Republican something else of a higher degree.

The Colonel is very much interested in the rebuilding of the State House at Trenton. He is one of the Commissioners in charge of

FUN FOR AFTER DINNER. On the Way to the Station. [From Puck.]



Mrs. Hunnimune-Isn't it queer, Charley, how all the people seem to know we 're-we 're not old married people? I heard somebody in that yellow carriage say: ''Look at the bride!"
Charley—Don't know. Queer, is n't it? P'raps I
better go and sit with the driver.

The Oldest Joke

[From the Atlanta Journal.]
Mr. Wilson has received a letter from the New York WORLD asking to be told the oldest toke he knows of. The oldest joke of which Mr. Wilson has personal knowledge was the following which "My gal was so black that when she come out on the street the chickens would go to roost." According to tradition the red hair and white horse craze flourished about 1940.

Might Have to Stay. [From the Curtoon.] First Passenger—Going far? Second Passenger-Only to Montreal on busi

ness.

First Passenger—Indeed: Should you desire to invest in a permanent home, call on me. I'm a real-estate broker. My card? No Canfidence Man.

She-Well, John, if your business troubles worry

you, why don't you confide in the preacher. He may be able to comfort you.

He—Confide in the parson! Humph, he's no con-A Very Good Reason

"How is it that you can never get a full decision in any case from an Alderman?" aske. the Snake Editor. ake Editor. '' Why, can't you ?'' asked the Horse Editor. '' No; you see he is only a Justice of the Piece.'

From the Pitteburg Chronicle.)

Not a Novelty There. [From the Pittsburg Chronicle.]
The Boston Transcript has an account of Black Rain." Such a thing may be a novelty in this country, that the Strong, Wholly those are higher kings, black reigns are numerous.

CABBY LEADS A HARD LIFE

LONG HOURS, A GOOD DEAL OF WORK AND SMALL PAY.

The Story of One Sixteen Years in the Business - Uptown, with Ita Possible Scales, Is Much Better Than Downtown, with Its Certainty of Funerals-Starters

Cause Loss to Drivers.

To the belated man who is taxed \$2 for his cab ride home the life of the cabby seems one long revel of plunder and fun. But there are two sides to this question, as to every other.

"Cab-cab-cab-have a cab?" is the monotonous call which greets the arrival on a Central train as he alights at the Forty-sec. ond street depot.

"Coach, sir?" is the gentle, persuasive salutation of the hackman as the pedestrian wends his way across either of the small parks of the city, and the theatre-goer receives the same offer at the door after the play.

No matter where you are, nor how early in the morning or late at night, you may ride to the furthest limit of the city in your own hired carriage if you choose, for the cabman and the hack-driver are ubiquitous.

" How many hours does the hackman have to work and how much does he get for it?" asked an Evening World reporter of the first member of the cockaded fraternity whom he met at Chatham square.

"Well, now, boss," was the reply, " you've come to the right man. For if there is anything about the business I ain't up to, why, I just don't know it. I've worked at it for

"There are fifty coaches that stand here in the square, and they come from a dozen big stables. There's Tierney and Riordan and Norton and McCullum, and a lot of "We are all on from eleven to thirteen

hours, and we get \$10 to \$12 a week salary. We are all on salary. The time is pretty regular, too, and when it comes our time regular, too, and when it comes our time to quit and put up we can generally do it, because, as I told you, our work is mostly funerals. We make our own bargains and report what we have made to the boss. Of course it pays the bosses to have honest men. We stick to the schedule, except when it's awful dull and there is a lively competition. It's \$5 to Calvary and a little more to Greenwood or Evargeous.

or Evergreens.
"When we go off the stand, all we have to

"When we go off the stand, all we have to do is to wash the coach. That isn't much unless it's been a muddy day.

"Up town its different. In the first place the men—cabbies and coach-drivers are just the same—work fifteen hours out of every twenty-four But nine times out of ten a man is cheated out of his time off.

"You see, I goes on at 8 o'clock in the morning to go off at 11 at night. I may sit on my carriage all day and not get a fare, and just as I am getting ready to go to the stable, along come a chap who wants to be driven home, 'way up in Harlem.

"Of course I've got to take him, even if it does mean that I won't get into the stable before 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning. And I must get out my team at 8 o'clock again just

must get out my team at 8 o'clock again just the same.

"You may not believe it, sir, but I have sat on my box and backed all over this town for twenty-eight hours at a stretch, and never got a chance for a wink of sleep nor a mouthful to cat, only what I snatched from a free-lunch counter while I waited for my passengers.

Shoppers are the worst fares we get. But "Shoppers are the worst fares we get. But
they have to pay for it at the rate of \$2 for
the first hour and \$1.50 for each hour after
that. Cabbies get \$1.50 for the first hour and
\$1 for each hour after.

"Uptown we get an average of \$14 a week.
The men who stand at the hotels are looked
after by starters. The starter takes the time
of leaving and the time of returning, and he's
the case of some loss to us.

the cause of some loss to us.

"Take a passenger who gets in at the Hoffman House and wants to go to Blooming-dales's, or the Battery. I drive him to either of those places and wait for him. Presently he comes out, watch in hand, and says, 'I've had your an hour horse's your 'So.

"That's right, but it will take me more than half an hour to get back, may be, and that's got to be paid out of my pocket. See? I tell you it's a pretty hard life, and a man's a fool to go into it."
"Why don't you get into something else?"

had you an hour, here's your

"Why don't you get into something else?" asked the reporter.

The hackey struck one of his wheels a resounding thwack with his whip as he replied: "Don't you see, a man gets in a rut and it's hard to get out of it. I've been with horses all my life. I am't fit for nothing else."

horses all my life. I am't fit for nothing else."

The rules and rates of the various stables are widely different. One man informed the reporter that he drove from the stable. That is, he waited at the stable for orders. He has his coach to take care of, eight sets of harness to oil and polish, ten horses to feed and twenty to water, and he drives a coach when called for. For all this he receives the munificent salary of \$5 a week and board.

Many cabs are owned by their drivers, and these men are a little in ore independent and make better wages, but they almost universally work at night, for, as one of them told the reporter, "These nighthawks who want carriage rides when honest folks are abed generally throw lots of money. They are liberal, and scale us big."

Stablemen have more uniform and regular hours of labor, but are not so well paid.

hours of labor, but are not so well paid. They average from ten to fourteen hours a day, and receive from \$8 to \$12 a week for

Take it all in all, there is nothing very enticing in the life of the hackman or groot Notes of the Campaign.

The Cruger Battalion, of the Eleventh Assembly District, meets every Monday night for drill at the Old Bound House, Fourth avenue and Thirty-third At a meeting of the Francis J. O'Connor Association, held in its rooms, 40 Madison street, resolu-tions were adopted indorsing Cleveland, Thurman and Hill and recommending Joseph J. O'Donohue for Mayor, Patrick Divver for sheriff and Francis J. O'Connor Alderman. Arrangements were made to hold a public meeting and banner-raising on Wednesday evening.

Wednesday evening.

The Gen. Moitke Camp, of the Wolfgang Goeta Campaign Cide, will have its annual parade this atternoon from headquarters, 120 Canal street. The officers are: Commandor, William H. Gerdes; Orderly Sergeant, Adolph Kunn; First Sergeant, James Jones; Second Sergeant, George Widenam; Financial Secretary, Thomas Waddock; Treasurer, Henry Polesz.

Experience

stimulated, the burdened current is unloaded, and poisons withheid from the parts which they pollute and defile. This simple, natural action, purifying the blood, as promptly accomplished by Hood's Sarssparills, a skiiful combination of such vegetable extracts, whose active qualities and native excellencies are concentrate by a process peculiar to itself and found in no other preparation. Hood's Saraaparilla does actually size cut imparities, removes obstructions and opens the natural outlets of the system. No rack, no strain, no pain accompanies the taking of Hood's Sarsaparilla. " For three years I suffered with dyspensis, growing so bad that I was completely broken down in health began taking Hood's Sarsapa illa, and soon gal

health." J. E. RUSERLL, Clerk Commercial Hotel, Hood's Sarsaparilla

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atrength and appetite, and was restored to my